MATERIAL SAFTEY DATA SHEET FOR COATINGS, RESINS AND RELATED MATERIALS REPLACES NCPA 1-82

MANUFACTURERS NAME

CROWN METRO AEROSPACE COATINGS, INC. 4343 TEMPLE CITY BLVD. TEMPLE CITY, CALIF. 91780

MPPCF= Million particles per cubic foot

SECTION III - PHYSICAL DATA

Boiling Range: 230°F-340°F Volatile Volume: 60°F Wt./Gal 8.1

Evaporation Rate: Faster than Ether XX Slower than Ether

Vapor Density: Heavier than Air: XXX Lighter than Air:

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO.

(818) 579-6270

DATE OF PREPARATION: INFORMATION TELEPHONE NO. (818) 579-6270 9/07/89 SECTION I - PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION PRODUCT NUMBER: 16-F2-501(Base)/EC-123(Curing Solution) MIX RATIO: 1 to 1 by Volume PRODUCT NAME: DPM-110 Green Epoxy Flat Enamel DN-6223 PRODUCT CLASS: EDOXY V.O.C. 541 SECTION II - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS Max TLV (ACGIH) PEL(OSHA) Vapor Pressure Ingredient CAS# Wt. (ppm) mg/cu.m (ppm) mg/cu.m mm.Hg. @20°C BASE: L sy Kesin 25036-25-3 30 NE Carbon Black 1333-86-4 5 Xylene 1330 20 7 NE NA Xylene 1333-86-4 5

Xylene 1330-20-7 10 100

Methyl Ehtyl Ketone 78-93-3 5 200

2-Butoxyethanol 111-76-2 10 25

Yellow Oxide 51274-00-1 10 NA 3:5 3.5 NA 100 21 200 75 50 . 6 NA NA CURING SOLUTION: Organic Amine Complex 10 NE 108-88-3 15 100 67-63-0 10 400 71-36-3 5 50 NENA Toluene 200 22 Isopropyl Alcohol 400 90 n-Butyl Alcohol 100 108-94-1 10 25 5 Cyclohexanone 50 3 NA= Not Applicable NE= Not Established *= Respirable Dust

Lighter than Air:

| SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA |
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| FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION: OSHA Class IB Flash Point 23°F TCC LEL 1 |
| DOT Paint, Flammable Liquid, (UN1263) |
| EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Use NFPA Class B extinguishers. |
| X Foam "Alcohol" X CO2 X Dry Chemicals X Water Fog Other |
| UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Keep containers tightly closed. Isolated from heat, sparks, electrical equipment and open flame. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions. Self-contained breathing apparatus should be worn by firefighters. During emergency conditions, overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention. |
| SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzels are preferred. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat. |
| SECTION V - HEALTH HAZARD DATA |
| EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE: Can cause irritation to skin, eyes and respiratory tract. Symptoms may be watering of eyes, dryness of throat, coughing, headache, tightness in chest or burning sensation. Allergic reactions may occur in some individuals. Headache, dizziness or nausea may be experienced by some as a result of exposure to solvents. |
| MEDICAL CONDITIONS PRONE TO AGGRAVATION BY EXPOSURE: Persons with asthmatic type conditions, chronic bronchitis or other chronic respiratory diseased or recurrent skin eczema or sensitization should be excluded from working with this product. |
| PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: X Dermal X Inhalation Ingestion |
| EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES: Eye contact: Flush with water for 15 minutes. Consult physician. Skin contact: Wash affected area with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Consult physician. Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. Consult physician. Ingestion: Drink water to dilute. Do not induce vomiting. Consult physician. |
| SECTION VI - REACTIVITY DATA |
| STABILITY:UnstableX Stable |
| HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: May Occur X Will Not Occur |
| HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: By Fire - CO, ${\rm CO_2}$, nitrogen oxides and traces of HCN and HDI. |
| CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Temperature above maximum storage temperature. Avoid exposure to heat, sparks, or open flames. |
| .NCOMPATIBILITY (MATERIALS TO AVOID): Avoid contact with strong oxidizing |

SECTION VII - SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE OF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Evacuate non-essential personnel. Remove all sources of ignition (sparks, flames, hot surfaces). Ventilate the area. Equip clean-up crew with self-contained breathing apparatus. Dike spill. Cover with sawdust, vermiculite, Fuller's earth. Collect material in open containers. WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD:

Conform to federal, state, and local regulations. Empty containers must be handled carefully due to product residue and flammable solvent vapor.

SECTION VIII - SAFE HANDLING AND USE INFORMATION

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: In outdoor or open areas use NIOSH spproved mechanical filter respirators. In restricted ventilation areas, use NIOSH approved chemical/mechanical filters to remove vapor and particulates. In confined areas use NIOSH approved air line type respirators or hoods.

VENTILATION: Must be sufficient in volume and pattern to keep contaminant concentration below TLV (NIOSH) or PEL (OSHA).

PROTECTIVE GLOVES: Required, butyl rubber recommended.

EYE PROTECTION: Required. Use goggles, face shields or safety eyewear with sideshields.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Protective creams where skin contact is likely.

HYGENIC PRACTICES: Wash hands before eating or using bathroom. Remove and wash any contaminated clothing before reuse. Wear chemical resistant boots.

SECTION IX - SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING: Do not store above 100°F. Store large quantities only in buildings designed to comply with OSHA 1910.106. Keep all containers closed and upright to prevent leakage. Do not store or use near heat, sparks, or flames.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS: Avoid breathing sanding dust (respirator required). Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with vapor or spray mist during application or curing.